## Homework 2: Due Friday 9/12/2014 in class

## **Required Reading:**

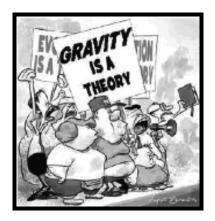
Chapters 1-2 should be completed!

## **Questions:**

For this assignment, **everyone** do the following questions in the textbook:

## Chapter 1:

1.2 (all 4 parts, but you may skip the saturnian and uranian moon calculations in a & c) and 1.6



**Chapter 2**: 2.3, 2.4, 2.33 **Graduate Students Only**: 2.26

Also, **everyone** should complete the following question:

Tidal evolution can limit the possible existence of sub-satellites (satellites orbiting satellites). Consider a satellite of mass  $m_s$  orbiting a planet of mass M at a distance  $a_s$  with mean motion  $n_s$ . Now examine the stability of a smaller body  $(m_{ss})$  orbiting the satellite at a distance  $a_{ss}$  and mean motion  $n_{ss}$ .

**a.** By comparing the tidal force exerted by the planet across the orbital radius of  $m_{ss}$  with the gravitational attraction of on  $m_{ss}$  by the satellite, show that the subsatellite is only likely to remain in a stable keplerian orbit if:

$$a_{ss} \le \left(\frac{m_s}{2M}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} a_s$$

What will happen to the sub-satellite at larger distances? A more rigorous calculation yields the upper limit:

$$a_{ss} \le r_H = \left(\frac{m_s}{3M}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} a_s$$

This is known as the Hill sphere radius of  $m_s$  in the 3-body problem.

**b.** Evaluate r<sub>H</sub> for lo and for Titan.

**c.** Assuming that the satellite is in synchronous rotation (i.e.  $\omega=n_s$ ) show that the radius of the synchronous orbit about  $m_s$  ( where  $n_{ss}=\omega$  ) is given by:

$$a_{sym} \le \left(\frac{m_s}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} a_s$$

Given that  $a_{syn} > r_H$ , *explain* why the tides raised by the sub-satellite on the satellite will lead to the orbital decay and eventual loss of any such sub-satellite.

**d.** Can a similar argument be made for the absence of any satellites of Mercury and Venus? Consider the actual rotation rates of these planets (asynchronous relative to their solar orbits) in your answer.